# Guidelines for the conduct of tests for Distinctiveness, Uniformity and Stability

**Kodo** millet (*Paspalum scorbiculatum* L.)



Protection of Plant varieties and Farmer's Rights Authority

Government of India

#### Kodo millet (Paspalum scorbiculatum L.)

#### I Subject:

These test guidelines apply to all the varieties, hybrids and parental lines of Kodo millet (*Paspalum scorbiculatum* L.)

#### II Material required:

- 1. The Protection Plant Varieties and Farmers' Right Authority (PPV & FRA) shall decide when, where and in what quantity and quality of the seed material is required for testing a varietal denomination applied for registration, under The PPV & FR Act 2001. Applicants submitting such seed material from a country other than India shall make sure that all customs and quarantine requirements stipulated under relevant National legislations and regulations are complied with. The minimum quantity of the seed material to be supplied by the applicant shall be 500 grams. The seed shall be packed and sealed in ten equal weighing packets of 50 grams each and submitted in one lot. In addition, 10 panicles need to be submitted, if required.
- 2. The seeds submitted shall have the following standards of seed germination:

a. Germination : 80% (Minimum)
b. Moisture content : 12% (Maximum)
c. Physical purity : 97% (Minimum)
d. Inert matter : 3% (Maximum)

3. The applicant shall also submit along with the seed a certified data on germination test made not more than one month prior to the date of submission. It also shall posses the highest genetic purity, uniformity, sanitary and phyto-sanitary standards as per national requirement.

4. The seeds/planting material shall not have been subjected to any chemical and biophysical treatment.

#### **III** Conduct of tests:

- 1. The minimum duration of the DUS test shall normally be at least two independent similar growing seasons for new varieties and one season in case of farmers' varieties and varieties of common knowledge (VCK) under extant category.
- 2. The test shall normally be conducted at least at two test locations.
- 3. The field test shall be carried out under conditions favouring normal growth and expression of all test characteristics. The size of the plots shall be such that plants or its parts could be removed for measurement and observation without prejudicing the other observations on the plants until the end of growing period. Each test shall include about 360 plants across three replications. Separate plots for observation on pest/ disease resistance for those varieties claiming resistance shall be laid out in two replications.

#### 4. Test plot design:

Number of rows: 04 Row length: 3.0 m

Row to row distance: 30cm Plant to plant distance: 10 cm

No. of replication: 3

- **5.** Observations shall not be recorded on plants in border rows.
- 6. Additional tests for special purpose shall be established by the PPV & FR Authority.

#### IV Methods and observation:

- 1. The characteristics described in the table of characteristics (Section VII) shall be used for the testing of varieties, parental lines and hybrids for their DUS.
- 2. For the assessment of Distinctness and Stability, observations shall be recorded on 30 plants or parts of 30 plants, which shall be divided among 3 replications (10 plants in each replication).
- 3. For the assessment of uniformity of characteristics on the plot as a whole (visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants), the number of off types (including plant parts) should not exceed 2 in 100.
- 4. For the assessment of all colour characteristics, the latest Royal Horticultural Society (RHS) color chart shall be used.

#### V Grouping of varieties:

- 1. The candidate varieties for DUS testing shall be divided into groups to facilitate assessment of Distinctness. Characteristics which are suitable for grouping purpose are those which do not vary or vary slightly, within a variety. Their various states of expression should be fairly evenly distributed throughout the collection.
- 2. The following characteristics are to be used for grouping Kodo millet varieties
  - 1. Leaf juncture pigmentation (Characteristic 6)
  - 2. Panicle appearance (Characteristic 12)
  - 3. Spikelet arrangement on rachis (Characteristic 14)
  - 4. Spikelet irregular rows: Intensity (Characteristic 15)
  - 5. Glume: Nerves on glumes (Characteristic 24)

#### VI Characteristics & symbol

- 1. To assess Distinctiveness, Uniformity and Stability, the characteristics and their states as given in the Table of characteristics (Section VII) shall be used.
- 2. Notes (1-9) shall be given for each state of expression for different characteristics for the purpose of electronic data processing.
- 3. Legend:
- (\*) Characteristics that shall be observed during every growing season on all varieties and shall always be included in the description of the variety, except when the state of expression of any of these characters is rendered impossible by a preceding phenological characteristic or by the environmental conditions of the testing region. Under such exceptional situation, adequate explanation shall be provided
- (+) See Explanation on the Table of characteristics in Section VIII. It is to be noted that for certain characteristics the plant parts on which observations to be taken are given in the explanation or figure(s) for clarity and not the colour variation.
- 4. A decimal code number in the sixth column of Table of characteristics indicates the optimum stage for the observation of each characteristic during the growth and development of plant.

#### **Decimal code for the growth stage**

Stage code	General Description
15	2-4 Leaf stage
26	Vegetative
51	50 %Flowering
59	Complete flowering
67	Dough stage

77	Seed filling
83	Maturity
95	After harvest

# 5. Type of assessment:

MG: Single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants.

MS: Measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants.

VG: Visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or plant parts.

VS: Visual assessment by observation of individual plant or parts of plants.

#### **VII Table of Characteristics**

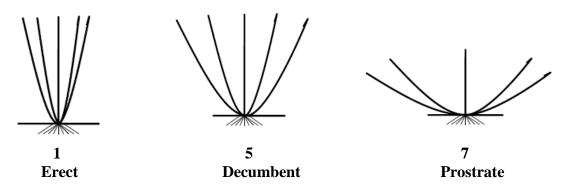
Sl	Characteristics	States	Score/	Example	Stage of	Type of
no	Characteristics	States	Notes	Varieties	observations	assessment
1	Plant: Growth	Erect	3	JK 155	15	VG
		Decumbent	5	JK 439		
(+)	Habit	Prostrate	7	GPLM 302		
		Very low (<10)	2	GPLM 16		MS
2	Basal tillers:	Low (10-20)	3	RK 390-25	26	
2	Number	Medium (20.1-30.0)	5	GPLM 12	26	
		High (>30)	7	GPLM 5		
3		Erect	3	JK 48	26	VG
(*)	Leaf : Attitude	Droopy	5	JK 155		
		Early(<65)	3	GPLM 8	51	MG
4		Medium (65-75)	5	JK 65		
		Late(75-85)	7	TNAU 86		
(+)		Very late(>85)	9	GPLM 328		
5	Leaf Sheath:	Absent	1	JK 48	59	VS
(*)	Pigmentation	Present	9	JK 155	39	VS
6	Leaf juncture:	Absent	1	RK 390-25	59	VS
(*)	Pigmentation	Present	9	JK 48	37	, 5
7	Internode:	Absent	1	GPLM 23	59	VS
(*)	Pigmentation	Present	9	JK 155	3)	۷۵
8	Leaf blade:	Absent	1	DPS 9-1	59	VG
	Pigmentation	Present	9	-	37	, 0

9 Flag leaf blade: Medium 5 DDS 0.1	
(+) Length (cm) (20.0-30.0) 5 DPS 9-1 59	MS
Long(>30.0) 7 -	
Narrow(<0.5) 3 -	
10 Flag leaf blade: Medium 5 JK 98 59	MS
(+) width(cm) (0.5-1.0)	1,15
Wide(>1.0) 7 JK 48	
Short(<5.0) 3 -	
11   Peduncle:   Medium   5   JK 48   59	MS
Long(> 10.0) 7 RK 390-25	
12 D . 1 Compact 3 RK 390-25	
Panicle: Semi compact 5 JK 155 67	VG
(+) Appearance Open 7 Indira kodo 1	VG
13   Panicle:   Partial   1   RK 390-25   C7	
(+) Exertion Complete 9 JK 13 67	VS
14 Spikelet: Regular 2 TNAU 86	
(*) Arrangement (+) on rachis Irregular 8 RK 390-25	VG
Two-three 3 JK 48	
Spikelet: Two-four 5 -	
15 irregular rows Lower half 67	VG
(+) number   Cower han   7   RK 390-25	
upper half)	
16 Spike: Absent 1 DPS 9-1	VG
(+) Branching Present 9 RK 390-25	٧٥
17 Spike: Straight 2 TNAU 86	VG
(+) Curvature Curved 4 RK 390-25	, ,
18 Spikelet: Lax 4 JK 48 67	VG
Density Dense 6 RK 390-25	
19 Culm: Low (<3) 3 GPLM 37	
(+) Branching Medium(3-/) 5 JK 48	MG
High (>/) / TNAU 80	
Short 3 GPLM 610	
(<6.0)	
20 Panicle: Length Medium (60.00)  5 JK 13  77	MS
(+) (cm) (6.0-9.0) (7)	
Long 7 JK 48	
21 Thumb raceme: Short (< 5) 3 -	3.40
(+) Length (cm) Medium (5-7) 5 JK 62	MS

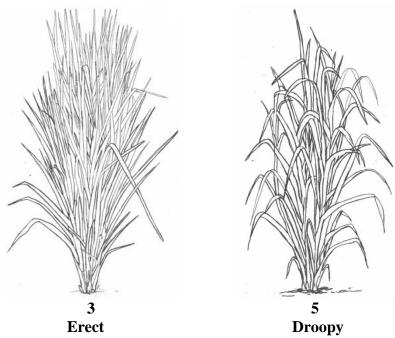
		Long (>7)	7	JK 48		
22 Raceme: (+) Length (cm)	Short(< 5.0)	3	GPLM 6			
	Medium (5.0-10.0)	5	JK 48	77	MS	
	Long (10.1-15.0)	7	GPLM 54			
		Very long (>15.0)	9	-		
		Low (<2)	3	GPLM 101		MS
23	Raceme:	Medium (2-4)	5	GPLM 1		
(*)	Number	High (4-6)	7	DPS 9-1	77	
	(Above thumb)	Very high (>6.0)	9	-		
24	Glume:	Narrow (7 nerves)	3	JK 48	83	VC
(*)	Space between Nerves	Broad (5 nerves)	5	DPS 9-1	03	VG
		Dwarf (<30.0)	3	GPLM 196	83	MS
25	Plant: Height	Semi dwarf (30.0-50.0)	5	GPLM 193		
(*) (cm)		Tall (50.1-70.0)	7	JK 13		
		Very Tall (>70.0)	9	JK 65		
26	Lodging	Absent	1	TNAU 86	83	VC
26 Lo	Lodging	Present	9	DPS 9-12	83	VG
27	Seed:	Absent	1	GPLM 2	83	VG
21	Shattering	Present	9	TNAU 86	63	VU
		Light brown RHS NO 177D	3	-		
28 (*)	Grain: Colour	Brown RHS NO177C	4	GPLM 68	83	VG
		Dark brown RHS NO 177B	5	JK 155		
20	Grain: Shape	Elliptical	2	JK 439	95	VG
29		Oval	4	RK 390-25	<i>33</i>	٧٥
	1000- grain	Low (<5.0)	3	GPLM 129		
30 (*)	weight (g) at 12% moisture	Medium (5.0-6.0)	5	RK 390-25	95	MG
	content	High (>6.0)	7	GPLM 54		

# **II** Explanations for Table of Characteristics

#### **Characteristic 1 Plant: Growth habit**



#### Characteristic 3 Leaf: Attitude



#### Characteristic 4 Days to 50 % flowering

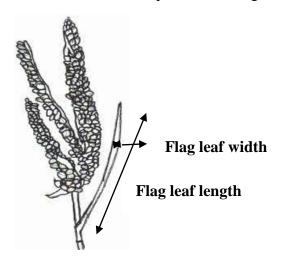
Days to 50% flowering is from sowing to the stage when ears have emerged from main tiller in 50 percent population.

# Characteristic 9 Flag leaf blade: Length (cm)

Flag leaf blade length is measured from ligule to flag leaf blade tip.

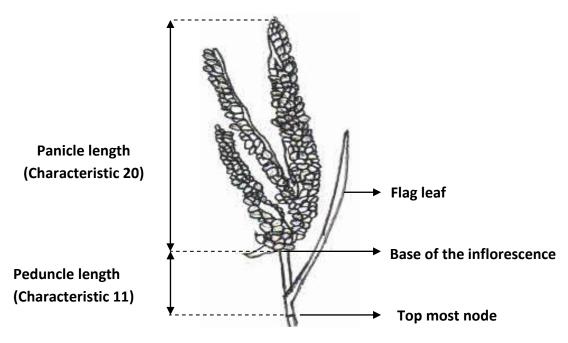
# Characteristic 10 Flag leaf blade: Width (cm)

Flag leaf blade width is measured at the widest point of the flag leaf

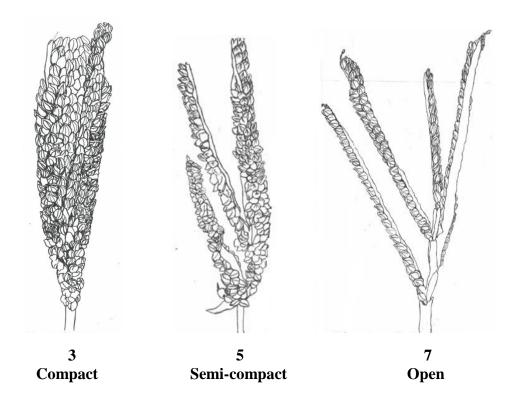


# Characteristic 11 Peduncle: Length (cm)

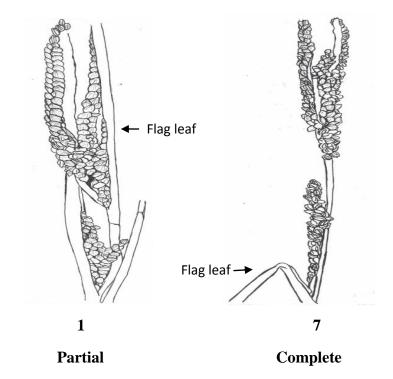
Peduncle length is measured from earhead base to the top most node on main tiller.



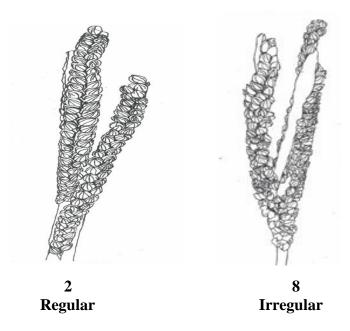
**Characteristic 12 Panicle: Appearance** 



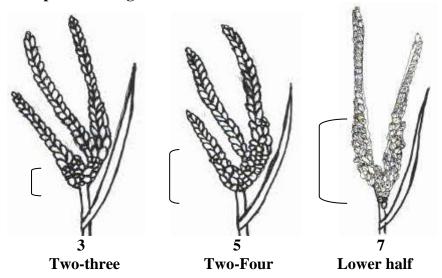
**Characteristic 13 Panicle: Exertion** 



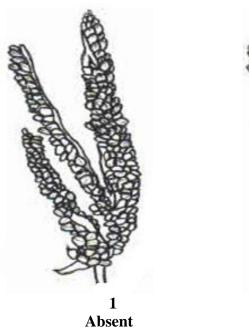
**Characteristic 14 Spikelet: Arrangement on rachis** 



Characteristic 15 Spikelet: Irregular rows number

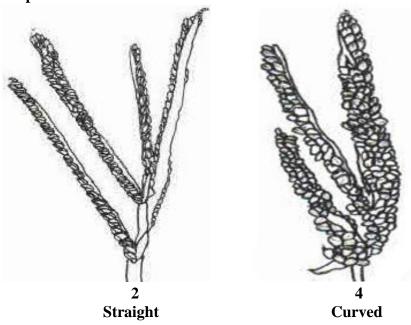


Characteristic 16 Spike: Branching





**Characteristic 17 Spike: Curvature** 



**Characteristic 19 Culm: Branching** 

- Low Upper nodes rarely produce branches
- Medium -Upper 2 4 nodes produce branches
- High- Most nodes produce branches

# Characteristic 20 Panicle: Length (cm)

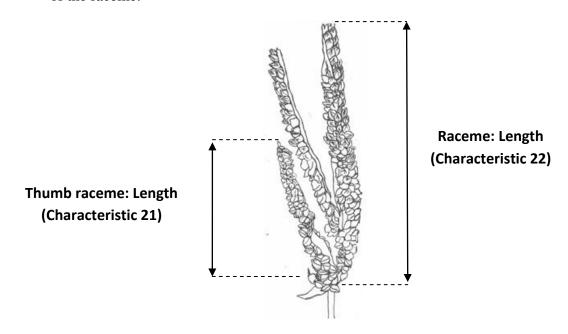
Panicle length is measured from base of the panicle to the tip of the panicle.

# Characteristic 21 Thumb raceme: Length (cm)

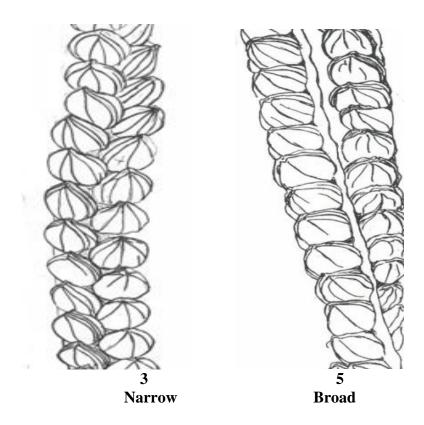
Thumb raceme length is measured from base to the tip of the thumb raceme

#### Characteristic 22 Raceme: Length (cm)

Raceme length is measured from base of the longest raceme in the inflorescence to the tip of the raceme.



Characteristic 24 Glume: Space between nerves



# Characteristic 25 Plant: Height (cm)

Plant height is measured from ground level to the tip of the earhead on main tiller.



Plant height

# **IX.** Working Group Details:

These Test guidelines have been developed by the National Core Committee in Consultation with the Project Coordinator, All India Coordinated Small Millets Improvement Project at UAS, GKVK, Bangalore-560 065 and the Nodal Officer, DUS Test Centre and Task Force constituted by the Authority.

#### The members of the Task Force

Dr. K. Narayana Gowda, Former VC UAS, Bengaluru	- Chairman
Dr. A. Seetharam, Former PC(AICPMIP), UAS, Bengaluru	- Member
Prof. B.T. Shankare Gowda, Former Prof. UAS, Bengaluru	- Member
Dr. T.G. Nagehwara Rao, PC(Small millets), UAS, Bengaluru	- Member
Dr. K.T. Krishne Gowda, Former PC(AICSMIP), UAS Bengaluru	-Special Invitee
Sh. Dipal Roy Choudhury, PPV&FRA, New Delhi	-Member Secretary

# Nodal Person(s) for development of the DUS Guideline

- Dr. T G Nagehwara Rao, Project Co-ordinator (Small millets), UAS, GKVK
- Dr. P. Ravishankar, PC unit, Small millets UAS, GKVK
- Dr. S. Geethanjali, Jr. Breeder, TNAU, Coimbatore
- Dr. Pratibha Das, Breeder, AICRP on Millets, Dindori

# **X. DUS Test Centers**

DUS centre (1)	Test Centre(2)
AICRP on Small Millets, Zonal Agril.	All India Coordinated Research Project on
Research Station, Jagdalpur-494005,	Small millets, College of Agriculture,
Chhattisgarh	REWA-486001, Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh